

# Melville Douglas STANLIB Bond Fund

Fund information update at 30 September 2020

## What is the fund's objective?

The objective of the fund is to achieve capital preservation and income generation by investing in long-term fixed interest securities. This fund is an actively managed, unconstrained, South African fixed-income strategy that aims to generate consistent and predictable long term returns through investments in high quality income-yielding debt securities.

## What does the fund invest in?

Securities will normally consist of a spread of gilts, semi-gilts, loan stock, debentures, debenture bonds, approved securities, notes and liquid assets and any other securities which are consistent with the fund's investment policy.

## What possible risks are associated with this fund?

General market risks include a rise or volatility in bond yields, rising interest rates, economic and political risk, inflation uncertainty and duration risk. Where foreign securities are included in the portfolio there may be additional risks, such as potential constraints on liquidity and the repatriation of funds, macro-economic risks, political risks, tax risks, settlement risks, and potential limitations on the availability of market information.

### Risk rating

Conservative	<b>Moderately conservative</b>	Moderate	Moderately aggressive	Aggressive
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## What is the suggested investment period for this fund?

### Minimum period

1 Month	6 Months	1 Year	<b>3 Years</b>	5 Years	7 Years
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## Who should consider investing in this fund?

This fund suits investors that are looking for stable income and reasonable capital growth over the longer term.

### Income

**Distribution** Net income is calculated and accrued daily and is declared and distributed quarterly.

**Declaration** 31 March, 30 June, 30 September, 31 December

## General fund information

**Manager(s)** Mzimasi Mabece and Bernard Drotschie  
**Size (NAV)** R 2.85 billion  
**Classification** South African - Interest Bearing - Variable Term  
**Benchmark** JSE All Bond Index

### Regulation 28 Complies

Regulation 28 of the Pension Funds Act sets the limits in terms of the maximum exposure the retirement fund and the individual retirement fund member's savings (i.e. your savings) may have to various asset classes. For more information please refer to the Regulation 28 Guidelines available on our website ([www.stanlib.com](http://www.stanlib.com)). This Fund complies with this Regulation.

### Class A

**Launch** 01 July 2014  
**ISIN number** ZAE000191763  
**JSE code** MDBFA  
**Minimum investment requirements -**  
**Lump sum** R 50,000  
**Monthly** R 1,000

## What are the costs to invest in this fund?

### Maximum charges including VAT

	<b>Class A</b>
<b>Initial fee (manager)</b>	0.000%
<b>Initial fee (adviser)</b>	3.450%
<b>Annual fee (manager)</b>	0.863%
<b>Annual fee (adviser)</b>	0.000%
<b>Performance fee</b>	N/A

**Annual fee (manager)** – this is a service charge (% based) applicable to each class of a fund, that is levied on the value of your portfolio and includes the **Annual fee (adviser)** fee (where applicable). Annual fees are calculated and accrued daily and recovered monthly from the income awaiting distribution in the fund.

### Cost ratios (annual) including VAT as at 30 June 2020

	<b>Class A</b>
<b>Based on period from:</b>	01/07/2017
<b>Total Expense</b>	0.85%
<b>Transaction Costs</b>	0.00%
<b>Total Investment Charge</b>	0.85%
<b>1 Year Total Expense</b>	0.87%

**Total Expense (TER):** This ratio shows the charges, levies and fees relating to the management of the portfolio and is expressed as a percentage of the average net asset value of the portfolio, calculated over the period shown and annualised to the most recently completed quarter. A higher TER does not necessarily imply a poor return, nor does a low TER imply a good return. The current TER should not be regarded as an indication of future TERs.

**Transaction Costs (TC):** This ratio shows the percentage of the value of the fund incurred as costs relating to the buying and selling of the fund's underlying assets. TC are a necessary cost in administering the fund and impacts fund returns. It should not be considered in isolation as returns may be impacted by many other factors over time including market returns, the type of fund, investment decisions of the investment manager and the TER.

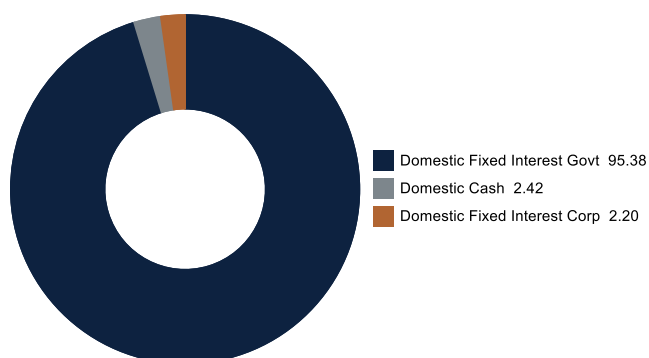
**Total Investment Charges (TIC):** This ratio is simply the sum of the TER and TC, showing the percentage of the value of the fund incurred as costs relating to the investment of the fund. It should be noted that performance figures account for all costs included in the TIC ratio, so you should not deduct the TIC from performance figures, the performance is already net of the TIC.

# Melville Douglas STANLIB Bond Fund

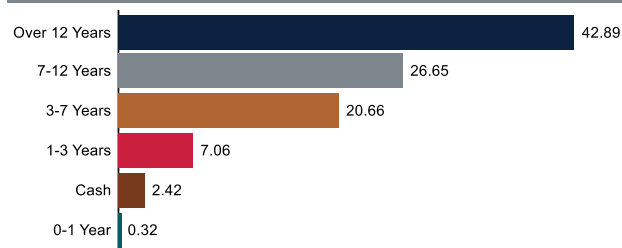
Monthly update at 30 September 2020

## Holdings

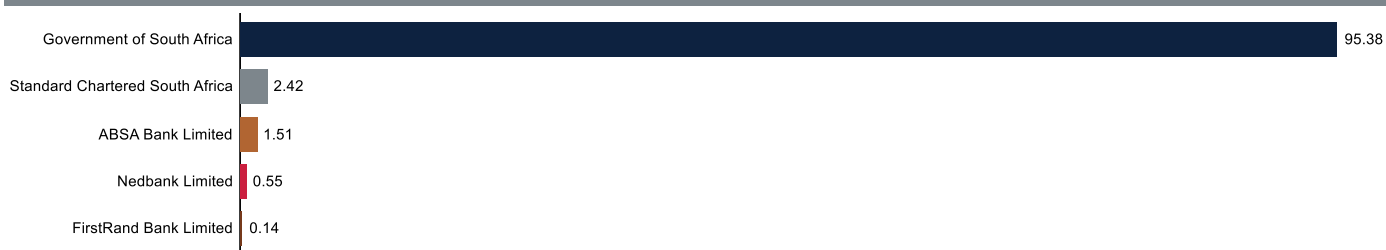
### Asset allocation (%)



### Fixed Interest allocation (%)



### Fixed Interest Top 10 Issuer exposure (%)



## Performance and Income

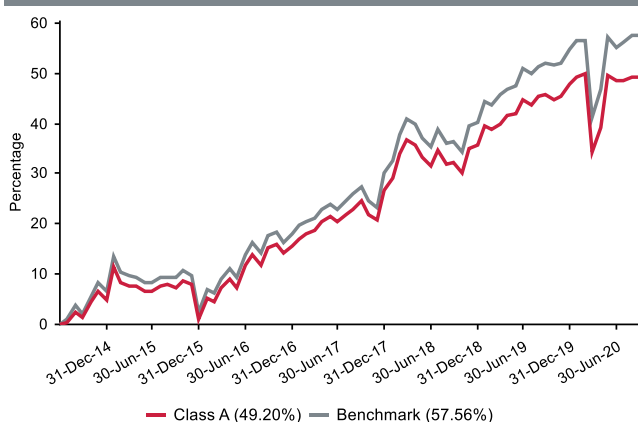
Class A Launch: 01 July 2014

Benchmark: JSE All Bond Index

Returns (%)	1yr	2yrs	3yrs	5yrs	Launch
<b>Class A</b>					
Class	2.38	6.15	6.21	6.79	6.61
Rank/Out of	19/32	20/30	20/28	17/22	14/16
Sector Average	2.28	6.12	6.10	6.85	7.13
Benchmark	3.58	7.43	7.33	7.57	7.55

Returns (%) shown are cumulative for all periods shorter than or equal to 1 year and annualised for all periods greater than 1 year.

### Cumulative performance (%) from Launch



Statistics (%)	1yr	2yrs	3yrs	5yrs	Launch
<b>Class A</b>					
Positive Months	7	16	22	39	46
Max Gain	11.42	15.08	24.06	48.14	49.84
Max Drawdown	-10.44	-10.44	-10.44	-10.44	-10.44
Highest	11.19	11.90	15.28	15.28	15.28
Lowest	-4.09	-4.09	-4.09	-5.81	-5.81

Highest – this reflects the highest 12 month return during the period.  
Lowest – this reflects the lowest 12 month return during the period.

### Amount declared (cents per unit)

	<b>Class A</b>
<b>31 December 19</b>	2.07
<b>31 March 20</b>	1.98
<b>30 June 20</b>	1.84
<b>30 September 20</b>	2.00
<b>In last 12 months</b>	7.89
<b>In 2019</b>	8.02

# Melville Douglas STANLIB Bond Fund

Quarterly update at 30 September 2020

## Who are the investment managers?

Since 1983 Melville Douglas has been delivering superior investment returns across a number of asset classes. As a global boutique investment management company within the Standard Bank Group, we are uniquely positioned to offer domestic and offshore investment solutions. What truly sets Melville Douglas apart is our experienced investment team and our approach to investing – driven by balance, a long-term view and a commitment to fundamental research – which informs our investment decisions across the board.



**Mzimasi Mabece**

BSc

Head of Fixed Income: South Africa

Mzimasi has more than 14 years financial market experience spanning both quantitative analysis as well as portfolio management and has managed both fixed income and equity funds. Prior to joining Melville Douglas, he was Head of Fixed Income at Mvunonala Asset Managers. He previously held Portfolio Manager roles at Prowess Investment Managers and Old Mutual Investment Group (OMIGSA) and also worked at Sanlam Investments as a fixed income Quantitative Analyst. Mzimasi holds a BSc degree.



**Bernard Drotschie**

BCom (Hons), CFA, CFP

Chief Investment Officer

Bernard joined Melville Douglas in 2002 as a portfolio manager and analyst, prior to which he worked for Absa Asset Management. He is the lead manager on the Melville Douglas Global Growth Fund (USD) and co-manages the Melville Douglas Balanced Fund (USD) and the Melville Douglas Income Funds. He holds a BCom (Hons) degree in Econometrics, is a CFA® Charterholder and a Certified Financial Planner™ professional.

## Fund review

The fund performed ahead of its peers during the month but slightly behind the benchmark and this drag in performance was due to cash we kept in the fund to meet quarterly distribution at the end of September.

## Market overview

According to the South African Reserve Bank, (SARB), over the medium-term, the pace of South Africa's recovery will be affected not only by weak demand, but also by more structural problems and two areas stand out electricity shortages and the country's fiscal situation. South Africa has suffered from periodic electricity shortages since 2007. Although electricity demand collapsed under the initial lockdown, and some capacity was taken off-line for maintenance, load shedding resumed on 10 July due to unplanned outages caused by breakdowns, and Eskom continues to warn that electricity shortages will persist through 2021. These disruption in power supply continue to interrupt economic activity and discourage new investments. High frequency data released during the quarter attest to the effect this has had on the country's ailing economy.

Statistics South Africa (Stats SA) released its delayed report on the state of the SA labour market at the end of 2Q20, showing that 2.2million jobs were lost in the quarter that covered the most restrictive part of the COVID-19 lockdown. As the government has progressively removed restrictions on economic activity and with the initial wave of COVID-19 infections seemingly under control, hopes are that subsequent data releases will show that many of those jobs have been regained in the last two quarters of the year. Stats SA also announced that South Africa's gross domestic product dropped by 16.4% QoQ seasonally adjusted, pushing the country deeper into a recession. This was South Africa's fourth consecutive quarterly GDP decline.

The fiscal situation is a second threat to the economy with the revenue collector having revised forecasted revenue collection down and expecting a revenue collection shortfall of more than R300 billion this financial year. Over the past decade, South Africa has added more debt, relative to GDP, than its emerging market peers. In 2009 South Africa's debt was low, at less than 30% of GDP, a decade of debt accumulation has raised that number to 63.5% as of 2019/20, which is likely to become 81.8% this year, pushing South Africa well above the broad emerging market average of 63.1% according to the IMF. As a consequence of this debt accumulation, South Africa's bond yield curve is one of the steepest in the world. Efforts were made to contain this debt growth, however these initiatives relied more on tax increases than spending cuts, with little contributions from reform initiatives.

These high debt levels are likely to affect the recovery through low confidence effects, uncertainty as debt sustainability continues to be in doubt, a lower country credit rating, reduced access to foreign savings as well as crowding out via high long-term interest rates. The central bank stands ready to give further support to this economy despite the 300-basis point cut in rates so far this year and the outcome of its last meeting. In its recent meeting in September, the bank gave its strongest signal that the interest rate cutting cycle may have bottomed when in a split vote, voted to keep rates unchanged at 3.5% and noting that its quantitative predictive model predicts increase in rates in the second quarter of 2021. The major supports to economic growth in South Africa are record-low short-term interest rates and extensive opportunities for structural reforms. We believe that the minister of finance will incorporate and outline these reforms in his Medium-Term Budget Policy Statement at the end of October.

The rand ended the month 1.1% stronger against the US dollar despite the dollar strengthening against most currency pairs, diverging from the fortunes of its EM peers which were generally weaker. Yields on the local R186 benchmark government bond also benefitted from more positive domestic sentiment, ending the month 0.2% stronger at 7.2%.

## Looking ahead

We believe that the bond yield curve correctly reflects the funding and fiscal pressures the country is under and bond yields at current levels offer buying opportunities and we will opportunistically buy bonds to increase the duration of the fund.

The commentary gives the views of the portfolio manager at the time of writing. Any forecasts or commentary included in this document are not guaranteed to occur.

## Change in allocation of the fund over the quarter

Asset type	Q3 2020	Q2 2020	Change
Domestic Cash	2.42	3.12	-0.70
Domestic Fixed Interest Corp	2.20	2.23	-0.03
Domestic Fixed Interest Govt	95.38	94.64	0.74

The portfolio adhered to its portfolio objective over the quarter.

## Fund classes

Class	Type	Price (cpu)	Units	NAV (Rand)
A	Retail	92.98	19,321,623.14	17,965,418.38

All data as at 30 September 2020.

Units – amount of participatory interests (units) in issue in relevant class.

# Melville Douglas STANLIB Bond Fund

Important information update at 30 September 2020

## Disclosures

Collective Investment Schemes in Securities (CIS) are generally medium to long term investments. The value of participatory interests may go down as well as up and past performance is not necessarily a guide to future performance. CIS are traded at ruling prices and can engage in borrowing and scrip lending.

The Melville Douglas STANLIB Bond Fund is a portfolio of the STANLIB Collective Investment Scheme (the Scheme).

The manager of the Scheme is STANLIB Collective Investments (RF) (Pty) Limited (the Manager). The Manager is authorised in terms of the Collective Investment Schemes Control Act, No. 45 of 2002 (CISCA) to administer Collective Investment Schemes (CIS) in Securities. Liberty is a full member of the Association for Savings and Investments of South Africa (ASISA). The Manager is a member of the Liberty Group of Companies. The manager has a right to close a portfolio to new investors in order to manage the portfolio more efficiently in accordance with its mandate. The Manager does not provide any guarantee either with respect to the capital or the return of a CIS portfolio. A schedule of fees and charges and maximum commissions is available on request from the Manager.

The trustee of the Scheme is Standard Chartered Bank.

The investments of this portfolio are managed, on behalf of the Manager, by Melville Douglas Investment Management (Pty) Ltd, an authorised financial services provider (FSP), FSP No. 595, under the Financial Advisory and Intermediary Services Act (FAIS), Act No. 37 of 2002.

Prices are calculated and published on each working day, these prices are available on the Manager's website ([www.stanlib.com](http://www.stanlib.com)) and in South African printed news media. This portfolio is valued at 15h00. Forward pricing is used. Investments and repurchases will receive the price of the same day if received prior to 15h00.

This portfolio is permitted to invest in foreign securities. Should the portfolio include any foreign securities these could expose the portfolio to any of the following risks: potential constraints on liquidity and the repatriation of funds; macroeconomic risks; political risks; foreign exchange risks; tax risks; settlement risks; and potential limitations on the availability of market information.

This is a portfolio that derives its income primarily from interest-bearing instruments. The yield (if shown) is a current effective yield calculated daily.

This portfolio is a third party named, co-named portfolio. The Manager retains full legal responsibility for this portfolio. A third party named, co-named portfolio is a portfolio bearing the name of both the Manager and the financial services provider (FSP) where the FSP, under an agreement with the Manager, undertakes financial services of a discretionary nature, as contemplated in the Financial Advisory and Intermediary Services Act, Act No. 37 of 2002 (FAIS), in relation to the assets of the portfolio. Melville Douglas Investment Management (Pty) Ltd, an authorised FSP, FSP No. 595, FAIS, is the third party manager of this portfolio.

The FSP is a related party to the Manager, the FSP may earn additional fees other than those charged by the Manager. It is the responsibility of the FSP to disclose additional fees to the investor. This document is not advice, as defined under FAIS. Please be advised that there may be representatives acting under supervision.

All performance returns and ranking figures quoted are shown in ZAR and are based on data sourced from Morningstar or Statpro and are as at 30 September 2020.

Annualised return figures are the compound annualised growth rate (CAGR) calculated from the cumulative return for the period being measured. These annualised returns provide an indication of the annual return achieved over the period had an investment been held for the entire period. Actual annual figures are available on request from the Manager.

Portfolio performance figures are calculated for the relevant class of the portfolio, for a lump sum investment, on a NAV-NAV basis, with income reinvested on the ex-dividend date. Individual investor performance may differ due to initial fees, actual investment date, date of reinvestment of income and dividend withholding tax. Portfolio performance accounts for all costs that contribute to the calculation of the cost ratios quoted, all returns quoted are after these costs have been accounted for.

Statistics - Positive Months: the number of individual 1 month periods during the specified time period where the return was not negative; Max Gain: the maximum gain in a trough-to-peak incline before a new trough is attained, quoted as the percentage between the trough and the peak. It is an indicator of upside risk over a specified time period (quoted for all periods of 1 year or longer); Max Drawdown: the maximum loss in a peak-to-trough decline before a new peak is attained, quoted as the percentage between the peak and the trough. It is an indicator of downside risk over a specified time period (quoted for periods of 1 year or longer, where no value is shown no loss was experienced); Highest and Lowest: the highest and the lowest 1 year return (%) that occurred during the specified time period (quoted for all relevant classes launched 1 year or more prior to current month end date).

Additional information about this product including, but not limited to, brochures, application forms and annual or quarterly reports, can be obtained free of charge, from the Manager and from the Manager's website ([www.stanlib.com](http://www.stanlib.com)).

## Contact details

### Manager

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### Third Party Manager

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